

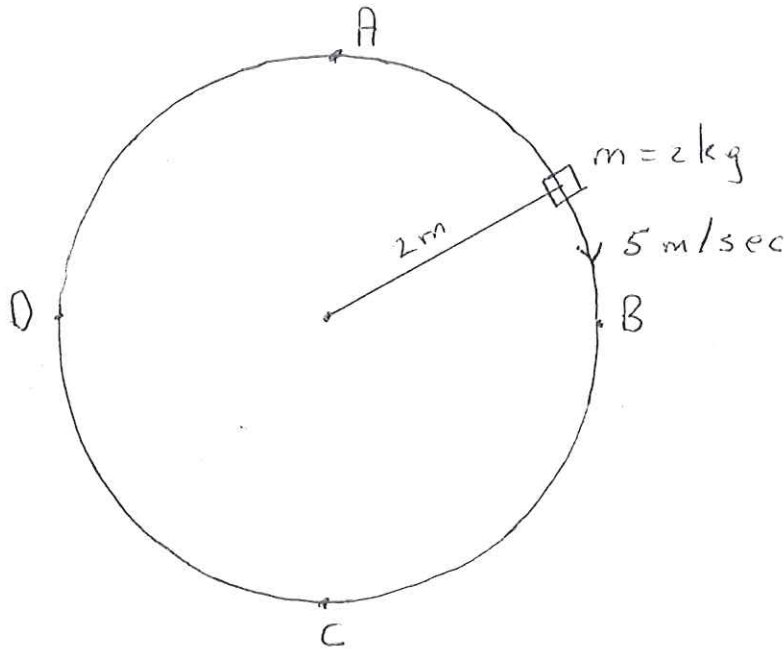
### Quiz 3

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Student Number: \_\_\_\_\_

**CALCULATORS ALLOWED.**

**10 MARKS**

1. (4 marks) Consider a 2 kg object held at the end of a string of length 2 meters that is in swung in a circle as shown below with a speed of 5 m/sec. What is the tension in the string at points A, B, C and D? Remember tension is a vector.



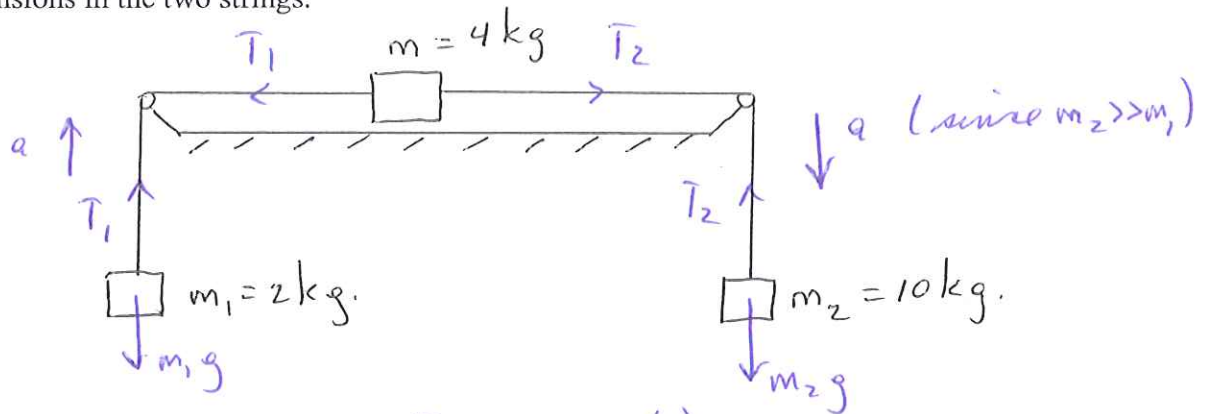
$$\frac{mv^2}{r} = \frac{2 \text{ kg} (5 \text{ m/sec})^2}{2 \text{ m}} = 25 \text{ Nt} \quad , \quad mg = 20 \text{ Nt.}$$

at A: String tension  $T = \frac{mv^2}{r} - mg = 5 \text{ Nt. (down)}$

at B:  $T = \frac{mv^2}{r} = 25 \text{ Nt (toward circle center)}$   
 + D

at C:  $T = \frac{mv^2}{r} + mg = 45 \text{ Nt. (up)}$

2. (6 marks) Consider mass  $m$  on a table attached two masses  $m_1$  and  $m_2$  as shown. The coefficient of friction of mass  $m$  on the table is 0.1. Find the acceleration and the tensions in the two strings.



$$\text{Mass } m_1: \quad m_1 a = T_1 - m_1 g \quad (1)$$

$$\text{Mass } m_2: \quad m a = T_2 - T_1 - \mu m g \quad (2)$$

$$\text{Mass } m_3: \quad m_2 a = m_2 g - T_2 \quad (3)$$

$$(1) + (2) + (3) \Rightarrow (m_1 + m + m_2) a = (m_2 - m_1 - \mu m) g$$

$$a = \frac{(m_2 - m_1 - \mu m)}{(m_1 + m + m_2)} g$$

$$= \frac{10 - 2 - 0.1 \times 4}{10 + 4 + 2} \cdot 10$$

$$= 4.75 \text{ m/sec}^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Subst. } a \text{ into (1)} \Rightarrow T_1 &= m_1 (a + g) \\ &= 2(10 + 4.75) \\ &= 29.5 \text{ Nt.} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Subst. } a \text{ into (3)} \Rightarrow T_2 &= m_2 (g - a) \\ &= 10(10 - 4.75) \\ &= 52.5 \text{ Nt} \end{aligned}$$