

Assignment 7

10 1. The length of a 4-vector x_μ is a Lorentz invariant,
i.e. $x_\mu x_\mu = x'_\mu x'_\mu$

a) Use this property to show that $\lambda \lambda^T = 1$
i.e. $\lambda_{\mu\sigma} \lambda_{\mu\rho} = \delta_{\sigma\rho}$

b) Verify by multiplying matrices that $\lambda \lambda^T = 1$.

20 2a) Show that $(\vec{x}, 0)$ is not a 4-vector.

b) Show that \square is a 4-vector.

c) Show that $+$ is not a Lorentz invariant.

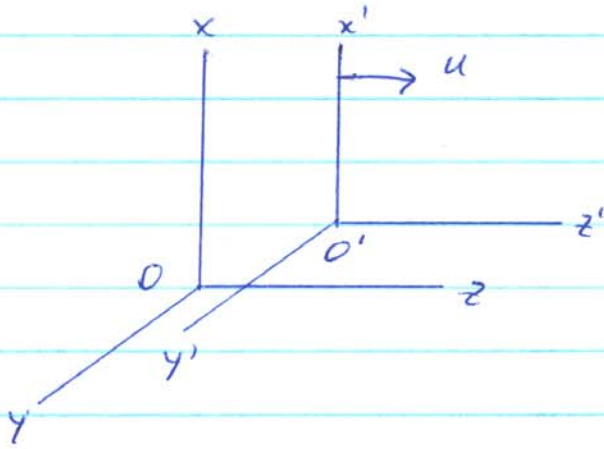
d) Prove $\delta_{\mu\rho}$ is a tensor.

5 3) Show that $\frac{\partial F_{\mu\nu}}{\partial x_\nu} = \frac{4\pi}{c} J_\mu$ is an expression
of two of Maxwell's equations.

10 4) a) Prove that the energy momentum tensor
 $T_{\mu\nu}$ is indeed a tensor.

b) Evaluate T_{11} , T_{41} , T_{44} using the definition.

- 30 5) A particle is at rest in frame S' .
It is seen to have a speed u in frame S .



Observer O' sees: electric field \vec{E}'
magnetic field \vec{B}'
particle charge density ρ_0 .

Observer O sees: electric field \vec{E}
magnetic field \vec{B}
particle charge density ρ

- Write down the Lorentz force density \vec{K}' .
- Find \vec{K} by applying a Lorentz transformation to \vec{K}' .
- What are the relations between \vec{E}' , \vec{B}' and \vec{E} , \vec{B} ?
- How is ρ related to ρ_0 ?
- Derive the expression for the Lorentz force density.

i.e. - show $\vec{K} = \rho(\vec{E} + \vec{v} \times \vec{B})$.