

Physics 2020 Assignment 7

1. Explain why a conductor is an equipotential surface.

2. Units and Conversion

| Quantity | cgs | mks |
|-------------|----------------------|--------------------------|
| Potential | 1 statvolt = erg/esu | 1 volt = 1 Joule/Coulomb |
| Capacitance | 1 cm | 1 farad = 1 Coulomb/volt |

- a) What is the relation between esu and coulombs?
- b) Show 1 statvolt = 300 volts.
- c) Show 1 farad = 9×10^{11} cm.
3. What is the capacitance C of a capacitor that consists of two concentric spherical metal shells? The inner radius of the outer shell is a while the outer radius of the inner shell is b . Check your result by considering the limiting case with the gap between the conductors, $a-b$, much smaller than b . In that limit the formula for the capacitance of the flat parallel plate capacitor ought to be applicable.
4. A 100 pF capacitor is charged to 100 volts. After the charging battery is disconnected, the capacitor is connected in parallel to another capacitor.
- a) If the final voltage is 30 volts, what is the capacitance of the second capacitor?
- b) How much energy was lost and what happened to it?
5. Two aluminized optical flats 15 cm in diameter are separated by a gap of 0.04 mm, forming a capacitor. What is the capacitance in pF?
6. Two coaxial aluminum tubes are 30 cm long. The outer diameter of the inner tube is 3 cm and the inner diameter of the outer tube is 4 cm. When these are connected to a 45 volt battery, how much energy is stored in the electric field between the tubes?