Number:

CALCULATORS ALLOWED.

1. (3 marks) A grandfather clock ticks 1 sec on Earth. It is then moved to Mars where the acceleration due to gravity is ½ that on the Earth. What is the period of the clock on Mars?

2. (3 marks) Consider the elastic collision shown below. Find three independent equations for the unknown final velocities. Explain where each equation comes from. (Note you are not asked to solve the equations!)

Before Callision

$$u_1 = z \text{ m/sec}$$
 $m_1 = z \text{ m/sec}$
 $m_1 = z \text{ m/sec}$
 $m_2 = z \text{ m/sec}$
 $m_1 = z \text{ m/sec}$
 $m_2 = z \text{ m/sec}$
 $m_2 = z \text{ m/sec}$
 $m_2 = z \text{ m/sec}$

Corres of Mom.

\hat{\chi}: m_1 u_1 = m_1 V_1 coo 30° + m_2 V_2 coo \(\theta\) (1)

\hat{\chi}: m_1 V_1 \sin 30° = m_2 V_2 \din \(\theta\) (2)

Corres of Energy,

\frac{1}{2} m_1 u_1^2 = \frac{1}{2} m_1 V_1^2 + \frac{1}{2} m_2 V_2^2 \quad (3)

3. (4 marks) Consider the collision below.

Before Collision

 $O \rightarrow C$

after Collision $V_1 = -\frac{U_1}{Z}$ $\longleftrightarrow O$ M_2

a) What is the ratio of the masses?

Come of Mom. $\Rightarrow m_1 u_1 = -\frac{m_1 u_1}{Z} + \frac{m_2 u_1}{4}$.

-- Mz = 6 m,

b) Is the reaction elastic? If not, what happened to the energy?

Initial K.E. = 1 m, u?

Emal K.E. = $\frac{1}{2} m_1 V_1^2 + \frac{1}{2} m_2 V_2^2$ = $\frac{1}{2} m_1 \left(\frac{u_1}{2}\right)^2 + \frac{1}{2} 6 m_1 \left(\frac{u_1}{4}\right)^2$ = $\frac{1}{2} m_1 u_1^2 \left[\frac{1}{4} + 6 \cdot \frac{1}{16}\right]$

= 5 Initial K.E.

". Inelastic Callison => Trutal K.E. => Noise, heat.